

CLASS E.—DECREASES, 1895 COMPARED WITH 1894.

Ale, beer and porter.....	\$ 36,118	Magic lanterns.....	\$ 1,358
Baking powder.....	6,996	Malt.....	442
Cabinets of coins.....	5,831	Malt, extract of.....	148
Carpets.....	196,617	Mineral waters.....	933
Cases for jewels and watches....	2,459	Musical instruments.....	9,451
Casts as models.....	6,559	Mustard.....	991
Cider.....	575	Paintings, drawings, &c.....	133,413
Collars, cotton and linen.....	626	Quills.....	230
Crapes, all kinds.....	7,792	Ribbons.....	2,411
Cuffs, cotton and linen.....	449	Silk manufactures.....	224,409
Curtains.....	26,756	Spirits and wines.....	207,059
Embroideries.....	71,917	Tobacco.....	23,897
Fancy goods.....	139,791		

794. Comparing the results obtained from the compilation of the tables with those obtained by a similar division of the imports of the United States it is found as follows:—

UNITED STATES.

Per cent of each Class to Total Imports.

—	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
A. Articles of food and animals.....	32·13	33·98	36·83	31·89	43·33	30·97
B. “ in crude state.....	23·06	22·93	24·32	25·85	19·89	25·64
C. “ wholly or partially manufactured.....	10·94	12·79	9·89	11·20	10·32	11·46
D. Manufactured articles for consumption.....	19·96	17·25	17·46	18·22	15·60	19·25
E. Luxuries.....	13·91	13·05	11·50	12·84	10·86	12·86

CANADA.

Per cent of each Class to Total Imports.

—	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
A. Articles of food and animals.....	18·36	17·51	19·48	16·28	19·02	19·39
B. “ in crude state.....	19·71	21·70	21·24	22·29	21·35	21·94
C. “ wholly or partially manufactured for use in manufactures.....	15·62	16·70	16·65	16·74	16·05	16·72
D. Manufactured articles for consumption.....	37·14	35·22	34·06	35·82	34·73	33·42
E. Luxuries.....	9·17	8·87	8·57	8·87	8·85	8·53

795. Thus in Class A the United States imports during five years averaged 35·40 per cent of the total imports, and the Canadian imports averaged 18·34 per cent; in Class B, United States 23·72 per cent, Canadian 21·70 per cent; in Class C, United States 11·13 per cent, Canadian 16·57 per cent; in Class D, United States 17·56 per cent, Canadian 34·65 per cent; in Class E, United States 12·19 per cent, Canadian 8·74.